| Item | Period | Comments |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Time | $1600-1900$ | Analog watches keep <br> time to within min- <br> utes. They need to <br> be set occasionally us- <br> ing the town's watch <br> tower. |
| Time | $1960-2000$ | A ten dollar digital <br> watch can determine <br> the time to within a <br> second. |
| Space | $1700-1800$ | Marine chronome- <br> ters were developed <br> through advances in <br> mechanics that can <br> determine latitude to <br> within a degree. |
| Space | $1960-2000$ | A Geographical Posi- <br> tioning System (GPS) <br> can determine position <br> within yards. |

Table 2.3: Moore's law describing the commoditization of the processing power of integrated circuits is well known and has occurred over the last 40 years or so. It is useful to apply this perspective to other phenomena, such as the commoditization of how we measure time and space that has occurred over the past few hundred years. During the first industrial era, mechanical devices were developed to measure time and space to an accuracy that was previously unknown. During the second industrial era, digital devices were developed to measure time and space to an accuracy that was previously unknown.

